The value of Serum Progesterone Measurement in Early Pregnancy Zainab Ali Abdulla Al Jufairi, MRCOG(London)*

Objective: To assess the use of single serum progesterone measurement in early pregnancy and its relation to the pregnancy outcome.

Setting: Coombe Women's Hospital, Dublin.

Design: Retrospective analysis of pregnancy outcome of the women who had serum progesterone measurement in early pregnancy.

Results: The study group included 55 pregnancies. Forty two pregnancies had continued beyond 28 weeks gestation, 12 ended with spontaneous abortion and one was ectopic

pregnancy. Serum progesterone level was 20.48 ± 6.066 in continuing pregnancy, 7.78 ± 2.06 in spontaneous abortion group and 3.9 ng / L in the ectopic pregnancy. The difference in the serum progesterone level was highly significant (P value < 0.0001).

Conclusion: Serum progesterone measurement is a reliable biochemical test in establishing the diagnosis of early pregnancy failure.

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